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Bujumbura, December 31, 2018



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#### Acronyms and abbreviations :

MAFOBA: Mamas For Burundi Association.

ASBL: Non profit organization

NGO: Non Governmental Organization

IT: Board of Directors

GA: General Assembly

SC: Supervisory Committee

ES: Executive Secretariat

IGA: Income Generating Activities

OSC: Organization of Civil Society

FGM: Female Genital Mutilation

SGBV: Sexual and gender-based violence

CEDAW: Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women

**UN**: United Nations

SRH: Sexual and Reproductive Health



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#### CHAPTER I. SUMMARY. E T PRESENTATION SYNTHESIS OF MAFOBA

MAFOBA is a sbl initiated in 2015 by Burundian girls and women, works for the promotion of socio-economic rights, peace, leadership, integration, socio-economic reintegration and social cohesion of predominantly rural communities. MAFOBA is approved by the Ministry of the Interior, Patriotic Training and Municipal Development by Ministerial Order No. 530 / 1460DU29 / 10/2018. It is part of the order of Burundian NGOs. Its target group is particularly women, girls and children in rural areas, victims of social inequalities and SGBV. MAFOBA is structured as follows : ONE AGA, One CS. One CA and One SE. The CA is the responsible body of MAFOBA, composed of six members namely ; a president, a vice-president, a financial affairs advisor (treasurer), a gender / dimension advisor, a campaign mobilization expert and the executive secretary, with no voting rights.

#### CHAPTER II. STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK

#### 1. BACKGROUND.

This Triennial Action Plan (2019 - 2021) MAFOBA is part of a work towards the fulfilment of its mission, its vision, its assigned objectives, its commitments and orientations that it reach for wants to the next three vears as well as the maior ones. C HALLENGES that it expected to raise and effort. determination and mobilization aur it needs to accomplish its task and to complete it. The drafting of this Action Plan is based on a collaborative work between the Bureau (Executive Secretariat) and the Board, and then adopted in plenary by the GA. It is also based on several exchanges with other partners in the field. Indeed, as action suggestion exercise was carried out by members of an MAFOBA and community leaders. In addition, a survey was launched from several categories Burundian has population different spheres (local authorities, community leaders and opinion, and other development actors and CSOs, girls and boys, women and men of all categories ...).

It is an approach that wants a constructive and participative with the objectives of the tender "Bell Sound Everyone, to get a global vision of the issues and challenges to be met and finally to report on the problem that the community perceived, but which could escape from MAFOBA. This information gathering has not only made it possible to prioritize actions and feed this three-year Action Plan (2019-2021), but has also contributed to the ownership of projects by the beneficiaries and/or communities in a process. voluntary improvement of the living conditions of the population. In addition, this approach is also to stimulate the socioeconomic and cultural development of our community passing through certain values that we consider fundamental that are put forward by MAFOBA, added to those collected from these different categories of community members during of our meetings, focus-group, exchanges, consultations, survey. This Triennial evaluations, Action Plan (2019 - 2021) brings together a more comprehensive set of actions to be taken depending on the situations of the long armed conflicts which have had multiple negative effects on the economic and social life, thus destroying the person and upsetting socioeconomic and cultural fabric of the population burundian in general and, in particular women, girls and children.



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MAFOBA has targeted as strategic priorities in the next three years (2019 - 2021) the following sections :

- 1. EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL TRAINING (Schooling of female children, construction and rehabilitation of school infrastructure, literacy of women and girls, apprenticeship of various professional occupations to women and girls victims of armed conflict ...)
- 2. *HEALTH* (Sexual and Reproductive Health : Prevention and fight against child marriage and early and forced unions ; awareness and training on the risks of unsafe and unsafe abortion and the prevention of unwanted pregnancies through modern methods of contraception ; Mother health Children ; Education at puberty and the management of menstrual hygiene ...)
- **3.** CONOIC AND SOCIAL EMPOWERMENT OF WOMENAND THE EMERGENCE OF FEMALE LEADERSHIP (Restoration of livelihoods through agro-pastoral revival, economic activities and support of women's groups for socio-economic recovery contributing to the stabilization of community ; emergence of female leadership : Women's capacity building and the development of a culture of peace, u kind of democratic values for empowerment and good governance)
- **4.** *THE ENVIRONMENT* (Water and sanitation ; combating deforestation, forest degradation and loss of biodiversity in Burundi's target provinces). With the self-determination of MAFOBA's Board, technically supported by its Executive Secretariat team, pledge to put the energy necessary for the effective implementation of this Plan of Action and with this shared and concerted, inclusive vision as well as the involvement of all stakeholders, results will be palpable.

#### 2. PRIORITY SHUTTERS.

#### 2.1. COMPONENT / EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL TRAINING.

#### a) Brief justification :

From an educational point of view, the 6 target provinces have a long history of disarticulation and disintegration of their social structures. Among the causes that would clearly explain this state of affairs, the unrest of rebellion and coups d'état are at the forefront, which have mourned Burundi for more than 30 years, is added the wave of armed and murderous violence that have torn the country from 1993 to the present, forcing the escape of populations en masse to neighboring countries, and thousands more in internal displacement at any time on the one hand and, some cultural considerations, the judgments of retrograde customary values which objectify the woman on the other hand.

This is justified by the growth of illiteracy and the low rate of schooling among women and girls. To date, Burundi still bears the legacy of these realities.

On the other hand, today the woman and the girl live like a nightmare, and there are still many vestiges of the past related to social slavery, many women and girls can not read or write because they did not go to school; therefore, they are often considered inferior to men, as well as customs and traditions that do not allow them to study as men.

In many provinces where our investigators have visited, the constant is always bitter. Daily practices mean that women or girls cannot participate in decisions made within the family,



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the tribal community, or the professional or even the administrative community. They are always excluded from socio-political actions, girls are not entitled to the inheritance of their parents or their husbands however, if the widow has remained with children especially boys, they are heirs of the property left by their father in contrast to girls, because they are not recognized by customary law as such. A woman / girl can feel free, enjoy her basic rights only when freed from exploitation, marginalization, discrimination and oppression by the man. So, it is important to raise their level of consciousness to claim their place in society, their level of education and help them go out into the ignorance, into the under-information and into the grip of the retrograde practices of the custom.

In addition, the six provinces have been most affected and have always been the scene of very sensitive violations of human rights. Women have been raped and suffered too much atrocities. Several categories of women in particular; those with disabilities, mothers-to-be, widows, orphans ... have increased and many of them do not have guaranteed support and are responsible for families and face the serious problems of life, which increases their state of being vulnerability. Hence, this category of women and girls are unemployed, insert them into upstream and downstream activities; and related jobs that offer employment and income potential in order to integrate them into working life in a sustainable way.

MAFOBA thought that we should talk about the development of girls only when they have imperatively acquired the fundamental cultural techniques (reading, writing, calculating ...) it will help them to assert their rights more easily and to participate in the life of society as others.

This is why MAFOBA would like to lead a wide education and awareness of the community for women and girls by providing assistance, promotion, supervision and support to ensure their economic, social and cultural well-being and to make them benefit the fruits of sustainable development, guaranteeing them respect for all human rights and fundamental freedoms; under the principles of equality and non-discrimination, and recognize the value and diversity of their identities, cultures and social organization.

It is with this in mind that we have found it useful during these 3 years to continue to support girls and women in the framework of the basic education and literacy circle (school support for girls as well as boys, literacy and numeracy and other basic skills for women) as an ideal setting to facilitate the dissemination, promotion and protection of target rights in the region and activities in various professional occupations for women / girls would be a solution.

#### b) General objectives :

• Contribute promotion and access to school education for girls from poor and marginalized families by providing them acquired the capacity for the completion of the basic cycle (primary) and secondary for girls.

• Provide basic functional literacy for changing attitudes and respect for women's human rights

• Create and increase the financial capacity of women to better qualify for an income generating activity (IGA), to discover opportunities for activities or jobs they did not know before.



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ODIECTIVES	ACTIVITIES		YEAR		EVDECTED DECLU TO
OBJECTIVES	ACTIVITIES		ILAK		EXPECTED RESULTS
		2019	2020	2021	
• Build the capacity of rural women and girls by promoting girls' education	<ol> <li>Hold preparatory participatory planning meetings</li> <li>Hold</li> </ol>	XXXX	XXXX	XXXX	The local government has put in place strategies to strengthen girls' education in the Territory. - Parents are sensitized and
and literacy to give them the chance to complete secondary and	2. Hold consultation meetings with local authorities and local leaders on				commit to send their daughters to school. -The number of girls enrolled and completing primary and secondary education is
university education and to teach women to	their involvement in the activities of the 3. Identify 1,200 girls enrolled				increasing significantly in Burundi's schools.
read and write for their emergence of female leadership. • Support the	and enrolled according to 150 per administrative sector ;				<ul> <li>School girls are aware of the importance of education and avoid school drop-outs without relevant reason.</li> <li>The girls' coaching clubs</li> </ul>
schooling of female children by paying school fees and supplies. To encourage the	4. Acquire and grant to 1,200 girls school kits and tuition fees (teacher bonuses)				<ul><li>exist and function properly.</li><li>-At least 90% of 1,200 girls are in school and 85% have passed exams at the end of</li></ul>
education of female children in	5. Organize four				the school year.
preparation for their future and to empower	community workshops on non- marginalization				-The dropout rate of girls decreases significantly ;
children and other caregivers to participate in the					The standard of living of women and girls trained and their families improved.
education of children for future	of education for themselves and				- Women and girls have the best self-esteem and their role
<ul><li>well-being.</li><li>Participate in the education of</li></ul>	<ul><li>society.</li><li>6. Organize</li></ul>				in society, but also with respect to themselves They are useful for them and for
children for their future well-being	sensitization and community animation sessions				the community.
• Increase the financial capacity of families to	to the local media, but also through T-				-Strategies promoting the rights of women and girls are put in place in the target



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supportthe educationof the ir daughters.• Increasethe 	shirtsandvisibilitiessigns fortheeducation of girls.7.7.Providegirls'parentsyarentswithmeansfor IGAs to supportschool children;8.Organizesupervisionandmonitoringofactivitiesinthefield;9.Produceactivityreports.	provinces of Burundi.	
<ul> <li>To fight against the discrimination of girls in school education in Burundi.</li> <li>Provide education for 1,200 girls for the emergence of women's leadership and promote</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Engage literacy instructors from targeted centers;</li> <li>Purchase materials and supplies for literacy centers and for literacy;</li> <li>Ensure premiums for literacy teachers;</li> </ol>		
developmentthroughtheirempowerment;• Communityinvolvementtoensuregirls'safetyandaccesstoschool.▶Removetheobscurantismandignorancethatinhibitthe	4. Establish literacy centers and organize functional literacy training for women and catch up with girls who have left the armed forces or groups and those who have been raped and / or sexually abused;		



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development of	5. Organize		
illiterate women	supervision and		
and girls by	-		
learning writing,	activities.		
	activities.		
reading and math	6. Produce reports		
to quickly	of functional		
generate their	literacy activities		
skills in the 6	includy activities		
target provinces.			
►Community			
involvement to			
ensure the			
security of the			
revitalization of			
CSO member			
organizations in			
organizing catch-			
up classes for			
girls			
Facilitate access			
to remedial			
classes for girls			
from vulnerable			
families who have			
left armed groups			
have been raped			
and / or sexually			
abused			
► Fostering			
development			
through women's			
empowerment			
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I			
♦ Create	1. Train 900		Living conditions of women
			-
employment	women and girls in		and girls in 6 target provinces
within	professional		improved at 87%
households;	occupations		
♦ To provide	Oneen:		
guidance for	- Organize and		
women and girls	Install 900 women		
trained in the	and girls trained in		
training of	professional		
. 0 01	L		



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various professional occupations and in foreign languages ;	<b>U</b> 1		

#### 2.2. SHAPE / HEALTH.

#### **b.** Brief justification :

Child marriage, early and forced and early and unwanted pregnancy is a harmful practice that seriously undermines children's rights and contributes significantly to high maternal and child mortality rates and is a gross violation of human rights. Resulting in many negative impacts on the well-being and physical, mental and social health of girls in Burundi.

In the country and particularly in the 6 target provinces of MAFOBA, child marriage and early and unwanted pregnancies continue to be widespread and the rate remains extremely high.

According to our last report investigation, from March 2018, 41% of women aged 20 to 24 were married before the age of 18, and 17% before the age of 15. Also, it has been clearly observed that child marriage is the key factor for abusive sexual activity and early pregnancy. The most recent estimates have shown that several women aged 20 to 24 gave birth to a child alive at the age of 18 years.

Specific problems, faced by girls at risk, married and / or have been married in Burundi are based on the prevalence of violence against the girl child, parents are tempted to give their daughter's hand in marriage, persuaded that her daughter will be protected from sexual assault that could lead to stigmatization in the community. The paradox is that parents are often wrong. The girl who gets married before the age of 18; is more susceptible being abused s including domestic d u marital rape, compared with children of the same age and the same generation who marry earlier. In addition, married children often display symptomatic signs of sexual abuse and post-traumatic stress, such as feelings of hopelessness, vulnerability, and severe depression.

It was found on the other hand, the fact of denouncing these forms of violence and abuse s girls constitutes sex discrimination that is growing and that often makes the girls are considered less worthy of attention and protection. In Burundian communities where girls do not have the same perceived value as boys from birth, families and communities tend to despise the benefits of educating their daughters and investing in their development. Married children constitute a pronounced characterization of sexual discrimination that is gaining momentum in several Provinces of Burundi. Child marriage has its own devastating consequences for the girl child and the entire Burundian society.

The majority of pregnancies are unwanted and arise from contraceptive failure or simply from lack of contraception and maternity is the main causes of maternal mortality and morbidity among girls aged 15-19.

Alternatively, children are almost always his SPOUSE s married to older men, and they are not able to talk to them on sex or birth control. This means that many girls become pregnant



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soon after their marriage when their bodies are not yet sufficiently developed. On the list of multiple disabilities related to early parturition are listed; the wedge obstetrical fistula, an injury that leaves girls in constant pain and can easily become infected; sexually transmitted diseases including HIV / AIDS, urinary incontinence ... It should be added that girls are often repudiated or rejected by their husbands, families or communities.

However, this is not an isolated violation. The right to marry freely and with full consent is linked to the rights to life, health, education and safety and is guaranteed in the Burundian Constitution. Child marriage not only deprives girls of their right to make their own choice, but also exposes them to the risk of early pregnancy, domestic violence and sexually transmitted infections, and also decreases their access to education and to work. It is also about differentiated conceptions of gender roles and family relationships between men and women. These conceptions tend to elevate women to the background, rooted in traditional practices, formal and informal customary norms, social norms, and religious and cultural practices that have a direct bearing on women's social and economic roles in Burundi .

In fact, the use of reproductive health services is generally low in this region, and even more so among adolescent girls, married or not. In addition, child marriage leads to school dropout, decreases girls' level of education and promotes the intergenerational transmission of poverty. Why, in the next three years (2019-2021), MAFOBA would like to accelerate and strengthen the process of eliminating the phenomenon child marriage, early and forced marriages; combat the adverse consequences of unsafe abortion, maternal mortality and early and unwanted pregnancies and promote new contraceptive methods in the country. 6 most affected provinces of Burundi. In addition, advocacy for safe abortion is fraught with difficulties in a context where social norms and religious beliefs are rooted against safe abortion .To strengthen advocacy for safe abortion, it is necessary that the company in partnership with various stakeholders initiate an open dialogue to convince the ins and outs of its social norms and religious beliefs. SOMAGO's strong presence as a leader in technical knowledge of abortion and its experience is an opportunity to influence and enable networking with like-minded organizations for the defence and provision of abortion services secure to women who express the need.

#### <u>General objectives :</u>

• Work for change social norms prevent girls and sexually active women vive nt p ace Union and groom Young people seek and use health services reproduction ;

• Promote the effective implementation of legal and policy instruments relating to children and young adolescents through the promotion and protection of their human rights, in particular the rights to sexual and reproductive health;

• Accelerate the elimination of child marriage through awareness of the harmful effects and the commitment to put them in place ;

• Contribute to the improvement of the protection mechanism for girls at risk, Female Genital Mutilation (FGM) and child marriage and access to care services for girls and young women ;

• Develop community / holistic integrated initiatives for promoting the elimination and abandonment of Children and Women Genital Mutilation Weddings (FGM) in 6 provinces Targets

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• Capacity building of non-state actors to conduct evidence-based advocacy campaigns including strengthening the role of leadership, prevention and protection of children and adolescents against practices prejudicial to their rights and remove barriers and impediments to law enforcement ;

• Expanding contraceptive choices for adolescent girls and youth through the inclusion of long-acting reversible methods by 2021;

• Reduce the mortality rate of women and girls engaged in illegal abortions at risk due to unwanted pregnancies ;

• Ensure universal access for women to family planning ;



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			YEAR		
OBJECTIVES	ACTIVITIES	2019	2020	2021	EXPECTED RESULTS
<ul> <li>Strengthen the skills of adolescents, parents, community leaders and other social actors and stakeholders on techniques of prevention and elimination of children and early and forced marriages, techniques of monitoring and advocacy of cases of violations rights and more equality;</li> <li>Strengthen adolescents' abilities in life skills and sexual and reproductive health (SRH)</li> <li>Promote girls' leadership by working directly with them to develop their decision-making and solidarity;</li> <li>Fight for changes in attitudes and behaviours and standards related to gender equity, child marriage and early marriage through the mobilization of families, communities and influential people;</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Organize a meeting of dialogue and dialogue with stakeholders around the issue of "marriage of girls and early unions" in Bujumbura to involve them in the project;</li> <li>Conduct a survey of the collection of basic quantitative and qualitative data on the phenomenon of child marriage and early and forced child union. These are numbers that can be subjected to different forms of statistical analysis and information about the views, opinions or observations of people in narrative form, presented at the very beginning to establish the level of measurement at from which the changes will be measured;</li> <li>Organize the feedback sessions of the survey results in order to reach a wider audience of women leaders, civil society members, rulers and local leaders on child</li> </ol>	XXX	XXX	XXX	<ul> <li>The accelerated elimination of child marriage in Burundi;</li> <li>by the end of the year 2021, we should note a greater commitment and an increase in the capacity of the population to reduce child marriage, particularly in the four provinces of the country where the campaign to the elimination of child marriage will be launched;</li> <li>greater involvement of all stakeholders including families, communities, the private sector and CSOs in the fight against child marriage;</li> <li>Access to a safe and protective environment for children that will allow them to benefit from all opportunities related to quality education, their own choice and with whom and to freely choose</li> </ul>



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<ul> <li>Provide direct services to girls at risk, girls already married on education and sexual and reproductive health ie safe abortion and postabortion care, livelihoods and coping. autonomous economic charge and other necessary services;</li> <li>Advocate for the adoption and enforcement of laws and policies related to the prevention of child marriage, early and forced marriages to prevent them</li> <li>Develop a communication strategy for abandoning the practice of child marriage</li> <li>Empower vulnerable families of children at risk of marriage ;</li> <li>Accompany children and adolescents at risk of marriage in their life project;</li> <li>To strengthen the skills of community actors;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>marriage ;</li> <li>3. Form and support local girls' committees in neighborhoods on gender, positive values of child and early marriage and advocacy;</li> <li>3.Organize 4 trainings of girls leaders on the techniques of monitoring cases of violations of the rights of girls and young women and advocacy for more equality between boys and girls, on the roles and functioning of their structures in four targeted provinces ;</li> <li>4. Create spaces / huts for girls to promote a dialogue between different generations (girls and young women between them), for the permanent exchange of experiences between local leaders, women leaders, actors of the civil society , on gender issues, rights to sexual and reproductive health, children's rights and the situation of child marriage and early marriage to encourage critical reflection on practices that bring risks to the property -being of the child;</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>whether or not to have children, when and how many;</li> <li>-Families, communities and influential actors also benefit from this change by identifying critical factors that will enable communities to mobilize and undertake better intergenerational communication and social cohesion within families and communities;</li> <li>-A high percentage of children and adolescents build capacity on mischief and elimination of child marriage phenomenon;</li> <li>-145 radio broadcasts and 145 radio plays in community radios in 6 Provinces on child marriage and harmful traditional practices are carried out ;</li> <li>-More than 300 educational talks on child marriage organized by 2021.</li> </ul>
► Actively support educational policies that encourage the	5. Organize 64 training sessions for xxx customary and religious leaders on child	- The capacities of family members,



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sustainable retention of girls in the school curriculum.	marriage in all rural and urban communes;	civil society organizations and communities in preventing, managing
school currentum.	6. Organize 45 training sessions for 1,800	and combating gender-based violence
	agents of the deconcentrated public administration (high commission, prefecture) and local authorities on the problem of child marriage;	and harmful traditional practices against children are strengthened
	7. Organize 12 training sessions for 648 community actors in young approach	
	technique and on the topic of child marriage and early unions;	
	8. Organize 20 advocacy meetings for religious and traditional leaders, decision-makers and authorities for their mobilization and commitment to creating an enabling environment for the abandonment of child marriage;	
	9. Organize 60 training sessions for 2,400 adolescents in life skills and SSR;	
	10. Create and train members of the Children's Parliament in life skills and sexual and reproductive health (SRH);	

# MAFOBA

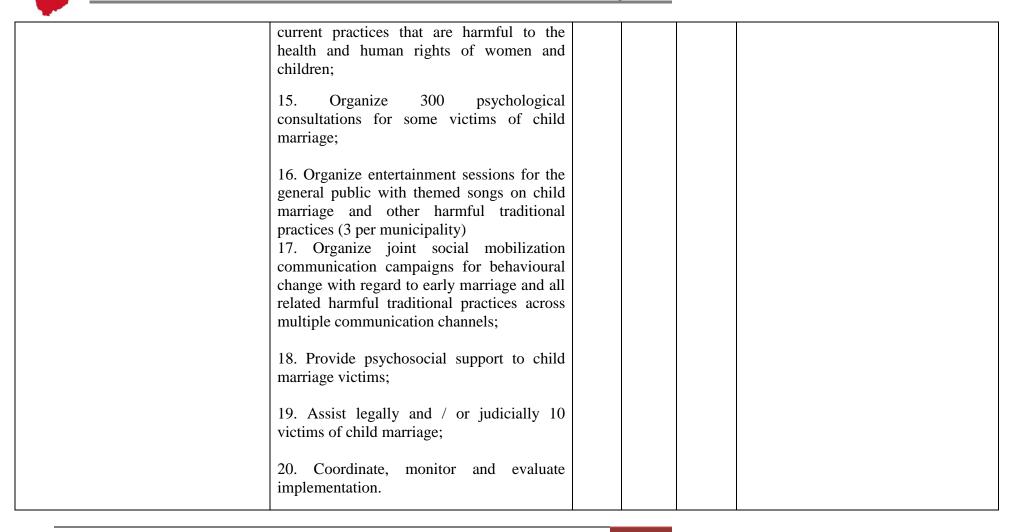
## **Mamas For Burundi Association**

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11. Identify 7,200 teenagers out of school at		
risk of marriage and 7,200		
families of children at risk of marriage		
(2,400 per year for 4 targeted provinces)		
12 Grant small rotating loans to at-risk		
girls, young women and more vulnerable		
households to enable them to organize		
support for economic opportunities in order		
to reduce the pressure to resort to early		
marriage relationships and marriage in		
different municipalities;		
13. Establish functional literacy centers for		
girls and women and ensure girls' access to		
quality education at primary and secondary		
level (support for school fees and supplies)		
for the practical skills that will make them		
more able to self-protect;		
14. Organize and conduct high-level		
advocacy events, including forums with the		
media, civil society organizations to inform		
and raise awareness about child marriage		
and support priorities and with decision-		
makers with a view to adopting laws and		
laws repressing all social, traditional and		

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Strongthon the connection of local	1. Organization of 8 brainstorming	-Strengthening and significant
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leaders (women, girls, customary	1 0	improvement in the level of
chiefs, administrative authorities,		knowledge of communities and other
elected representatives of the people,		stakeholders (girls, women, leaders
civil society) on advocacy		and others) on the rights to
techniques for the legalization of	women's access to safe and legal abortion	reproductive health (abortions,);
medical abortion.	services ;	
- Engage community members,		-Local and national living conditions
especially custodians of custom,	2. Organize 24 trainings of local leaders	and policies on legalized abortions are
1 ·	(CSO, religious, youth associations, women,	improved ;
	) on advocacy techniques to have leaders	
	who know the rights and duties, who know	-Inruption of pregnancy or the
•	how to defend the interests of girls and	unwanted arrival of a child in difficult
±	women and that the legal provisions	circumstances ;
general and in the 6 target MAFOBA	0 1	,
provinces in particular.	not by Burundi on the	- Provision of governors, chiefs and
- Decrease the number and incidence	5	local leaders to monitor the situation
of unwanted pregnancies in	1 1 7	related to reproductive health,
adolescence;	3. Hold meetings with honourable Members	
	during the periods of their parliamentary	-The mortality rate of women and
- Reduce delays between the use of	holidays on abortion practices, reasons for	girls engaged in criminal / at-risk
contraception and the beginning of	abortion, post-abortion complications,	abortions as a result of unwanted
sexual relations;	consequences, and their implication on the	pregnancies is significantly reduced ;
- Improve the sexual experience of	influence to the establishment of laws	pregnancies is significantly reduced ,
adolescents.		The establishment of laws or policies
	legalizing abortion and its post-abortion	-The establishment of laws or policies
	services in Burundi.	allowing or liberalizing access to
	4. Organize and conduct advocacy with	abortion services and post-abortion

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	policy makers to ensure that legal provisions in legal instruments ratified by	care ;
	Burundi prevention of unwanted	-A national reproductive health policy
	pregnancies through the modern methods of	defining the social, cultural and legal
	contraception ;	environment on medical abortion,
	5. Organize awareness campaigns on the	developed, adopted and applied ;
	risks of unsafe and unsafe abortion and the	
	prevention of unwanted pregnancies through	Awakening of awareness of women
	modern methods of contraception in	and girls to health services and the
	schools;	danger and the risk of unsafe and
	6. Organize 351 training courses for 10,530	unsafe abortion and increased
	teenagers in everyday life skills and SSR.	dissemination of correct information
		about the need for safe abortion;
• Increase the demand for	1. Organize awareness-raising activities for	• Contraceptive prevalence by 2021
contraception of the predominantly	women and adolescents on family planning,	has increased by at least 50%
rural Burundian population;	spacing of births and improved access for	• The total fertility rate fell to 4.5
• Improve the living conditions of	women and girls to contraception through	children per woman by 2021; health
families through spacing of births	several communication channels;	services because their consciences
and better access for women and	2. Supply of contraceptive products in	will be awakened to the danger and
girls to contraception	different health facilities in targeted	risk of unsafe and unsafe abortion and
	provinces across the country;	will increase the spread of correct
• Make contraceptive products		information about the need for
available at all benefit points	3. Set up adolescent clubs and provide them	contraception;
• Offer quality services in the field	with skills on the use of new contraceptive	Financial barriers to schooling and the
of family planning in health	methods	purchase of contraceptives are
facilities, advanced strategy and		overcome by 2021.
mobile strategy		



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#### 2.3. ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COMPONENT/EMPOWERMENT OF WOMEN AND THE EMERGENCE OF FEMALE LEADERSHIP

#### c. Brief justification :

Since the 1993 crisis, the Burundian in general and in particular women at all levels have experienced terrible suffering and have not been able to meet their basic needs for income security - food, health, education, gender, freedom of expression, etc. Long armed conflicts have had multiple effects on economic and social life, destroying not only infrastructure and livelihoods, but also social structures and self-help capacities. Since this period until today, life does not seem to be as peaceful as we thought, there have been too many upheavals, and things are going very badly in Burundi. Conflicts rage, divisions, regionalism, increasing incidence of violence of all kinds, endemic corruption,

Referring to historical benchmarks, equal opportunities between men and women is far from being observed in the Republic of Burundi in terms of public affairs management, involvement or participation of women in the process of peace and political life at all levels, despite the majority of women compared to the entire population of Burundi, or 52% of the population. The imbalance is observable in all institutions, departments and services where men with their selfishness prevail over 85% of women. This state of affairs does not only frustrate women who see nothing change and despite the presence of men in the majority of institutions, the social situation of the population seem to be uncertain and is always worse. It seems as well as in the face of this situation, which only throws us out of harm's way to undermine the principles of gender and therefore endangers the hard-won peace in Burundi with this power-sharing disequilibrium. Gold ;

- There are enough able-bodied women who can handle public affairs well, but who are not mentored and less involved and informed about the process of democratization, peace and gender ;
- Accompanying the emergence of women's leadership in the process of peace, democratization and gender, women's action will be less effective if they are likely to go without prior guidance ;
- The need is enormous women about their participation in the management of public affairs, in politics, in a research participation of e peace, their commitment so that they support themselves troughs of income generating activities in Burundi, it takes training, dialogue, coalition and serious preparation of women.
- Failure to support women in the decision-making process, involvement in the country's politics, the process of democratization, peace and gender, the process of restoring livelihoods for economic recovery would keep them frustrated. Therefore ; they will remain in a



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situation of conflict between themselves and with the leaders, languishing in misery, in precarious conditions in their communes where they live expediently.

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But on the contrary provides r food security and meeting basic needs, support women in areas related to empowerment and emergence u leadership would make them stronger and able to manage public affairs, to become involved in political life and the search for peace at all levels and hope for lasting peace in the region. If the question u genre dominates the socio-economic issues and policy in recent decades, the role of women and especially of rural women is often left stranded in the policies and programs of socio-economic and political integration.

That is why, in this three-year Action Plan, MAFOBA, with the support of international development aid partners, wishes to continue to support the Burundian people and, in particular, women, in their efforts to improve their lives, living conditions and strengthening of their decision-making power in society, through economic security programs, to facilitate the establishment of an environment conducive to gender equality and the advancement of women towards empowerment, by encouraging equal participation of women and men at all levels of decision-making. It wishes to make operational the stipulations of the Burundian constitution as well as the recommendations of the United Nations Resolution 1325.

#### General objectives :

• Improve the economic, social and political conditions of women to promote their empowerment in the 6 target Provinces.

• Improving the living and working conditions of Burundian women to increase their participation in socio-economic development and for the alleviation of poverty, and through intensive agricultural extension and extension supplies with modern and cost-effective means of production and skills acquisition in income-generating and agricultural jobs, thus contributing to their reintegration and / or rapid reintegration into their community and better positioning of girls and women on family farms.

- Improve knowledge of women, decision-makers, development partners and communities on Resolution 1325 and other international, regional and national legal instruments related to women's rights, their involvement and participation in the peace process.
- Contribute to the promotion of women's rights, leadership, gender equality and women's participation in political life and decision-making in households, communities and state and corporate bodies. Burundi.



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Increase the capacities of women and members of women's associations to improve their involvement and participation in reconciliation and peace building, increase their role in community building and finally improve the living and working environment of women's groups to facilitate exchanges and encourage peace initiatives

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To further strengthen women's capacities on their political rights in particular; by framing them, guiding them and by equipping leaders in the public speaking, interactions with the press, advocacy and theme of violence based on gender and good governance.

			YEAR		
OBJECTIVES	ACTIVITIES	2019	2020	2021	EXPECTED RESULTS
<ul> <li>▶ Strengthen capacities on livelihood diversification and rapid reintegration for populations affected by recent armed conflict and marginalization</li> <li>▶ Provide agricultural microcredits (labour credit, seeds, etc.) to ensure the socio-economic reintegration of women victims of armed conflict and</li> </ul>	women's groups by value chain, providing a normative framework and providing sensitization and technical training sessions AGR management; 2. Creation of women's groups and / or Village Savings Associations and Credits in the communes through the 6 targeted Provinces among the 18 in		XXXX	XXXX	<ul> <li>Increase and diversification of agro pastoral production and employment in the 6 target Provinces;</li> <li>Improving the living conditions of the rural poor population of 6 target provinces of the program, the food security of these populations and increased revenues through the marketing of surplus production.</li> <li>Increasing incomes and income diversification and the economic power</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>marginalization;</li> <li>▶ Strengthen capacities on livelihood diversification and rapid reintegration for populations affected by armed</li> </ul>	sessions on the management and technical aspects of income generating activities and				of women ; -Training and credits to increase earnings capabilities are provided ; -Promotion of income-generating activities and development in the Provinces, thus contributing to the maintenance of the families of the

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populations in general and, in particular the women	marketing to women, and extension of extension work among farmers, pastoralists and other stakeholders to ensure reintegration. socio-economic across the provinces ;	-The strengthening of the economic authority of women leading to a reduction in the fertility rate ;
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• Strengthen the capacity of	-	• Capacity building of women's and
women to know their rights by	-	girls' associations to improve their
disseminating gender equality	Resolution 1325, in culture of peace,	participation in the peace building and
issues (CEDAW, UN Resolution	and the promotion of non-violence for	reconciliation,
1325, inheritance laws)	communities of intervention	• Strengthening the role of women's
• Increase the capacity of	(5 animation sessions per	groups and associations in community
women's associations and	municipality) through several	reconstruction and their visibility in
groups to facilitate exchanges	channels of awareness (Animation	conflict prevention actions, and finally,
and encourage peace initiatives	radio, talk-debates,)	• Women's participation in all efforts to
and their participation in	4. Organize two trainings in favor of	maintain and promote peace and
reconciliation and peace	community actors in leadership,	security and decisions made for the
building,	gender equity and non-violent conflict	prevention and resolution of conflict
• To enable beneficiaries to	management.	
become familiar with the	- Establish and support a Synergy of	
concepts of women's rights and	action between women, youth,	
the rights of the child	authorities and opinion leaders in the	
• Allow participants to become	conduct of citizen actions and peace	
familiar with the	building and security;	
notions of conflict	- To extend and distribute United	
Bring participants to think about	Nations Resolution 1325 and Produce	
the notions of prevention as	communication media for behavioural	
benchmarks for development	change (T-shirts, Kepis, Leaflets,).	
sustainable.		



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women's associations to improve their participation in reconciliation and peace building, to increase their role in community building and to improve the living and working environment of women's groups	national instruments related to women's rights for community leaders (women, administrative and customary authorities, religious leaders, NGOs in society) civil society,) in the six capitals of the target provinces of MAFOBA; 2. Organize 4 specific youth training on appropriate techniques according to income-generating activities, social cohesion and culture of peace with a view to improving their capacities to	<ul> <li>Capacity building of women's and girls' associations to improve their participation in the peace building and reconciliation,</li> <li>Strengthening the role of women's groups and associations in community reconstruction and their visibility in conflict prevention actions, and finally,</li> <li>Women's participation in all efforts to maintain and promote peace and security and decisions made for the prevention and resolution of conflict.</li> </ul>
	MAFOBA activities	



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#### 2.4. COMPONENT / ENVIRONMENT , WATER AND SANITATION

#### d. Brief justification :

The recurring crises in Burundi have led to the displacement of populations, therefore, the change of their living environment. The situation continued to worsen for those who ended up in refugee sites and displacement camps. Even though there is a level of equipment in the camps for drinking water infrastructure for displaced populations compared to the pre-crisis situation following the fact that the displaced have taken refuge in infrastructures already equipped with this equipment, the operation of these is not always assured. E t displaced are often forced to source to source or undeveloped rivers and are therefore exposed to diseases related to the water unfit for consumption and the conditions of poor hygiene. With regard to toilets in the camps, there are some in the reception facilities, it happens that there it has lost-well toilets, but that does not prevent some displaced people from releasing themselves in nature. In all cases, the hygiene is deplorable because, even if the toilets exist, they are poorly maintained, hence the risk of diseases such as cholera, bacillary dysentery, typhoid fever ... The Government of Burundi, being aware of the importance of women in sustainable development, we cannot ignore the interrelations between "women and the environment" in the development of its National Strategy for the Environment in Burundi (SNEB). Indeed, MAFOBA in developing this three-year Action Plan (2019-2021), was based on the reality related to the problem of the environment and the risks of degradation of ecosystems and polluting substances. The Burundian woman participates in the faith to deterioration and the preservation of the environment, given the many tasks it carries out, through its role as reproducer and educator. This Plan is a framework that MAFOBA wants to define strategies and to stop the actions likely to improve the participation of the woman in the management of the environment and in the sustainable development. The Burundian woman plays an important role both in the degradation and in the preservation of the environment. It occupies a central place in the fight against climate change. Yet, even if the woman supports ; an overwhelming share of the burden of climate change, it has been so far largely forgotten in the activities and problems related to rising sea levels, droughts, melting glaciers and extreme weather events. Indeed, because of its reproductive function that gives it a considerable social status when it has a large offspring in particular male, its function as a



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producer places it at the center of the operation and survival of the family. She is the main actress in agriculture for the production of foodstuffs needed to feed the family. He also has multiple tasks, such as the search for firewood either by felling trees, or by collecting dead wood, or twigs, the search for drinking water, hygiene, good family health, environmental sanitation and children's education. Its protective function contributes to some extent to breaking the balance between population, natural resources and the environment, as the population continues to grow without increasing resources. The environmental degradation in Burundi is linked to the lack of adequate development. People, especially women, are destroying natural resources; soil, water, air and forests. The influence of women on the environment is obvious. But does it have sufficient training and information to maintain a balance between protecting ecosystems and meeting household needs? ? MAFOBA is working and is reassured that, if the legal and economic status of the Burundian woman improves in particular; through access to the earth's legacy and increased income and if its role is put to use, it can leverage its strength for environmental protection. The Burundian population is unevenly distributed throughout the national territory and is essentially rural. The main activity in Burundi is agriculture in the first place and livestock in the background. Women are the majority in this sector of agriculture while livestock is traditionally devoted to the man, but the woman participates in certain activities such as searching for fodder, litter, collecting manure etc. With regard to hygiene, water and sanitation ; it is mainly the female and the girl who are involved in a large proportion and the male children participate to a certain extent at very low proportion. In the 6 target provinces MAFOBA at least 30% of women will provide water to more than one hour. Our surveys in this sector show that more than 43% of the population in the six provinces draws water from developed sources. An average of 29% does not do it when she does not even think about boiling it before eating. In many households, even if the water is drinkable from the source, it is already consumed polluted because of precarious conditions of transport and shopping. The rules of basic hygiene in water treatment are not always respected in all 6 provinces targeted by MAFOBA because, families do not boil the water before consuming. Families in greater numbers use rainwater. With regard to the disposal of garbage, it is always a task reserved for the woman. At this level the situation in the 6 provinces target, seems to be relatively good, people deposit garbage in simple pits or for composting and others in a small proportion, throw them around the enclosure. The health services that we have in turn contacted say that the Burundian population knows badly or does not know the links between health and water treatment, hygiene, maintenance and maintenance of homes, water management and sanitary latrines. Since the man is supposed to take care of the contacts outside the household, the woman is responsible for the day-to-day management of the household. It is up to the latter to prepare the meals, therefore the research and cutting of firewood. She is often forced to travel long distances to get it and this activity takes a lot of time. With the current scarcity of wood, women in all 6 provinces use plant debris and there is a shift in dietary habits due to scarcity as women prefer more quick-cooked foods (ndagala, cassava paste) that do not do not require a lot of wood like beans. If the woman is targeted among the agents of the sensitization, she will do better to convey the message through the population. The female population in Burundi



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represents more than 54% against 51% of the male population. This gap is large between the two sexes, which explains a male deficit and an explosion of the status of single women. This numerical importance of women should be a factor of development, if we consider their representativeness in all sectors of national life. The unpaid work that Burundian women perform in the family (housework) or family farm is important even if it is difficult to quantify. Through her personal fulfilment, the woman disseminates the benefits in her family, in society and among the future generation. The female population is the majority in Burundi, it is an asset in the management of the environment. Climate change risks exacerbating extreme weather events such as drought, floods, storms and heat waves, uncontrolled construction, deforestation of trees and bush fires contribute to the danger and continue to increase number and severity of disasters.

#### . General objectives :

- Improve the resilience of rural women (including women farmers), including their livelihoods, and the resilience of agro-ecological systems to the impacts of climate vulnerability;
- Provide responses to the impacts of hurricanes Isaac and Sanday on the agricultural sector in the 6 target provinces of Burundi namely; Bujumbura, Bujumbura-town hall, Bubanza, Cibitoke, Muyinga and Makamba
- Promote the integration of disaster risk management and good adaptation practices in the agricultural sector, such as the multiplication of crop varieties and good agricultural practices that increase farmers' resilience to climate hazards
- Strengthen disaster preparedness and management and increase risk reduction
- Address internal displacement and contribute to the education and health of girls and women to promote their economic development, reduce poverty and have a positive impact on the climate.

OBJECTIVES	ACTIVITIES	YEAR	EXPECTED RESULTS
		2019 2020 2021	
Improve the resilience of run	l - Full extension of the	XXXXXX XXXXXX XXXXXX	- The environmental
women (including wom	n environmental dimension in the		aspect in the economic
farmers), including the	r economic concept of Gender and		concept of Gender and

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livelihoods, and the resilience	Parity	Parity known by the
of agro-ecological systems to	- Identification, testing and	masses, especially the
the impacts of climate	dissemination of good practices in	female population in the
vulnerability;	climate risk management in	six target provinces.
	agriculture, resilient to climate	- Good agricultural
	change	climate risk
	- Sensitization and extension to	management practices
	agricultural and pastoral work (land	identified and used by
	preparation, planting, field	the rural community.
	maintenance, processing of food	- Women in the six
	and industrial products, transport	target provinces,
	and sale of food products)	become aware of the
	- Strengthening production and	process of agricultural
	dissemination systems for climate	and pastoral work and
	resilient seeds and plant material	apply
		- Production and
		dissemination systems
		of seeds and plant
		material resilient to
		climate strengthened
		and applied.
Provide answers to the impacts	Sensitization, mobilization and	- The women who
of Hurricanes Isaac and Sanday	popularization of protection and	make up the majority of
on the agricultural sector in the	conservation of water and soil are at	the Burundian
6 p e s rovinctargets namely	Produce firewood, lumber, create	population,
Burundi ; Bujumbura,	jobs, foster the integration of	become aware and
Bujumbura-town hall, Bubanza,	women in these activities.	integrate the protection

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Cibitoke, Muyinga and Makamba		and proper conservation of water and soil, in the production of firewood, timber
Promote the integration of disaster risk management and good adaptation practices in the agricultural sector, such as the multiplication of crop varieties and good agricultural practices that increase farmers' resilience to climatic hazards	Sensitization and popularization of women on the stabilization of the surroundings of the watercourses that cross the city of Bujumbura and protection of the regions which overhang the capital Bujumbura by an integral protection of the watersheds. Training, sensitization and mobilization of women on the introduction of exploitation techniques more adapted to agro-ecological conditions in the 6 provinces and increased production agricultural	<ul> <li>The waterfront of the province of Bujumbura/Mairie and the areas overlooking it are stabilized and the watersheds protected.</li> <li>Farming techniques adapted to the ecological conditions in the six provinces are introduced and agricultural production increases.</li> </ul>
Strengthen disaster preparedness and management and increase risk reduction	- Training, sensitization and mobilization of women on the use of wood-saving improved fireplaces and the fight against the consumption of charcoal	- The use and rational consumption of improved wood saving homes and charcoal burning in households

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 - Sensitization, training and	discouraged.
mobilization of women on the	- Women forming the
misdeeds of deforestation, in	majority of the
particular	Burundian population
to urban households	become aware and figh
	effectively against
Sensitization of households on	deforestation
health care to family members,	- Rural households in
household and environmental health	the six provinces tak
(hygiene, water and sanitation)	health care, sanitation
- Sensitization, training and	and hygiene (water an
campaign to women to the	sanitation)
development of resources, by its	- Rural women ar
many offspring which cause a	aware of the flourishin
strong demographic pressure	of resources and limit
strong demographic pressure	the strong demographi
- Sensitization and training of	pressure due to th
women on the agro-forestry	many offspring
component and reforestation	- The combines of th
	agro-forestry componer
- Training, sensitization, extension	and the reforestatio
and campaign of women on the	applied.
fight against erosion.	- Protection an
- Awareness-raising, training and	erosion control observe
extension on increasing income and	in the 6 target provinces
food security of rural families,	- The protection an
1000 security of rural families,	use of natural resource

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	protection and use of natural resources (marsh, land degraded forests),	(marshland, land) protected by the population.
Address the internal displacement of populations and contribute to the education and health of girls and women to promote their economic development, reduce poverty and have a positive impact on the climate.	the family Female Promotion. Awareness and mobilization on the management of developed	<ul> <li>Family development centers for the supervision of women and girls for the protection of the environment.</li> <li>Developed springs and standpipes are built and protected.</li> <li>IDPs are becoming aware of the use of improved wood-saving stoves.</li> </ul>



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#### CONCLUSION.

The realization of these activities to achieve the objectives as defined in the Plan-year action (2019-2021) Mamas for Burundi Association "MAFOBA requires all-out mobilization of means not only financial, material but also human.

This is how this plan is developed and each donor can financially or materially support the area that is consistent with its policy of intervention to alleviate some of the misery of the poor and innocent Burundian population, in particular ; women, girls and children s faces massive and systematic violations their fundamental rights.